Strategic review of BMW

Name

Instructor

Course

Date

Executive Summary

This report presents a strategic review of BMW, a leading luxury vehicle manufacturer. The scope encompasses an in-depth analysis of the company's external and internal environments, utilizing various strategic models. The PESTLE analysis and Porter's Five Forces model were employed to assess the external factors influencing BMW's operations. The internal analysis leveraged the VRIO framework and the Value Chain model to evaluate the company's resources and capabilities. The report identifies key strengths, such as brand reputation, technological innovation, and strong financial performance (Bateman & Crant, 2022). However, challenges like intense competition, environmental regulations, and the shift towards electric vehicles pose threats (Barney, 1991). Recommendations entail the possibility of extending the new market territory, infusion of sustainable mobility options, and building up collaborative relations which will help to utilize complementary abilities. In summary, the report reveals essential positioning strategy data for BMW and sets out the strategies to better reinforce its competitiveness in this volatile automotive market.

Table of Contents

Executive Summary	2
Introduction	4
Strategic Review	4
External Analysis	4
PESTLE Analysis	4
Porter's Five Forces Analysis	6
Internal Analysis	8
VRIO Framework	8
Value Chain Analysis	9
Recommendations for Future Development	10
TOWS Matrix	10
Strengths-Opportunities (S-O) Strategies	10
Weaknesses-Opportunities (W-O) Strategies	11
Strengths-Threats (S-T) Strategies	11
Weaknesses-Threats (W-T) Strategies	12
Ansoff Matrix	12
Market Penetration	12
Market Development	12
Product Development	12
Diversification	13
Conclusion	13

Introduction

Considering the current dynamic automotive industry scenario, strategic analysis is a tactic that companies rely on to retain their leadership. BMW, the famous German high-end car maker, has shown its capability to create a balance between its creative design, outstanding performance and the application of new technologies. With industry going through arduous transformations, led by changing customer preferences, environmental considerations, and technological disruptions, company should for sure order a strategic review process that will enable it to overcome these challenges and efficiently use the emerging opportunities (Dess et al., 2018). This report tries to do a comprehensive strategic analysis of BMW incorporating different analytical frameworks to scrutinise the firm's external and its internal realms. In addition to this, the project will suggest strategic actions to help BMW compete in the ever-evolving nature of the automotive industry and thus foster long-term sustainable development.

Strategic Review

External Analysis

PESTLE Analysis

Political Factors

The political area is definitely one of the most critical determinants of the auto industry development. This is why governments across the world take a tough stance on environment protection such that they impose strict emission standards and environmental regulations to fight climate change and promote clean technology and sustainable transport solutions. The EU, for instance, has set aggressive CO2 emittance target for the automotive

manufacturers, and companies like BMW are forced to go for the advanced and sustainable development of the vehicle (PESTLE Analysis, 2023).

Economic Factors

Considering that global economic conditions which include shifting consumer spending and income levels have a direct effect on luxury cars nowadays, it is a must for BMW to ready itself to monitor and adjust to the changes (PESTLE Analysis, 2023). Another challenge related to internationalization of production is the fluctuation of currency rates both on the cost side and on the revenue side and it as well offers an either risk or opportunity for the company.

Social Factors

The prioritizing of sustainability has become one of the most critical social factors driving the developments of the automotive industry, which is largely caused by deepening environmental awareness and the issue of global warming (PESTLE Analysis, 2023). With the emergence of these preferences, the BMW needs to plan for provision of a comprehensive range of electric and hybrid vehicles to meet the demand of the consumers who are environmentally-oriented.

Technological Factors

Fast innovation in electric vehicles (EV), autonomous driving, and communication features is pushed by the automotive industry, simultaneously, it brings opportunities as well as challenges for BMW (PESTLE Analysis, 2023). The fundamental measure of survival for BMW is to invest in R&D increasingly, so as to be at the forefront of the breakthroughs in these highend technologies. Cybersecurity threats and consequently robust information protection methods that would rise as connected cars and digital services expand their usage are among the necessary considerations ((PESTLE Analysis, 2023)).

Legal Factors

Automotive industry is affected by a complicated system of regulations such as vehicle safety, emissions, and consumer protection laws that may differ in different parts of the world hence, each region will have its own discrete set of rules (PESTLE Analysis, 2023). BMW should follow the law of this state to stay the same and escape from penalties or legal consequences. Intellectual property rights and patent protection of the new technologies are important tools of the BMW for sustaining its competitiveness, especially when considering competitors' imitation (PESTLE Analysis, 2023).

Environmental Factors

To combat climate change and maintain sustainable travel, there has been a massive switch to the use of automobiles in the automotive industry, especially acknowledging the input of the government, consumer, and investors in the process (PESTLE Analysis, 2023). BMW should transform its vehicles manufacturing process to produce low emissions and smaller ecological footprint vehicles.

Porter's Five Forces Analysis

Threat of New Entrants

The automotive industry, the luxury sector in particular, notoriously possesses high entry barriers including generally high capital needs, and scale economies which continue to be the major obstacles for the new players in the sector. (Research Methodology, 2023). Incumbents such as BMW have been rolling their platforms of such magnitude to get ahead in production facilities, supply chain networks and brand reputation, which pose significant challenges to new entrants in competing fairly.

Bargaining Power of Suppliers

The automotive industry uses specialized industries for supplying the necessary components and raw materials, such as semiconductors, steel and several electronic components

(Research information, 2023). As a result, the dependence on suppliers may grow mostly to the extent when there is tough competition between the suppliers and the situation is complicated by a limited range of realistic options or highly specialized or proprietary components of the suppliers.

Bargaining Power of Buyers

Customers who are brand-conscious are grasping and less affected by price differences. They are interested in the brand and reputation, the level of quality as well as the exclusivity of their indulged luxurious cars. While many factors, such as access to information and transparency, may help buyers to examine offers of different automakers and prominent them during bargaining sessions, leading to a situation where it becomes easier for them to negotiate.

Threat of Substitute Products

However, the commonplace personal vehicle still takes the primary role in transportation for a lot of clients unlike the emerging mobility solutions like shared rides and shared cars which might have a potency to fill in the gaps made by vehicle ownership (Research Methodology, 2023). Taking into consideration many other alternative modes of transportation is something that may change personal cars, for example, public transport system and high-speed rails especially during in urban areas, and also some specific trips.

Rivalry among Existing Competitors

The luxury car class of automobile is distinguished by competitive rivalry mostly among the reputed brands such as Mercedes-Benz, Audi, and Lexus among others, that struggle to gain the market recognition (Research Methodology, 2023). Design, performance, and technology are the main points that help rivals distinguish these product lines from others to draw and sustain buyers.

Internal Analysis

VRIO Framework

Value

The strong reputation of the brand, as well as the high level of customer loyalty that BMW enjoys are very crucial to consumers since the company is the market leader which is believed to possess high-quality vehicles and promoting superior engineering other than just making vehicles. BMW uses innovative engineering and technology to build vehicles that are both highly effective and meet the high demands place on luxury cars by their buyers.

Rarity

BMW's numerous innovations, eg. advanced driver assistance systems and extremely efficient engines, stand out in the automotive world, which gives the company a competitive advantage (Burney, C., 2023). Such distinct brand equity and exclusive positioning in the luxury automotive segment are not frequently available, as it reflects years'-long years of high quality and impeccable performance (Strategic Management Insight, 2023). Imitability

The clairvoyance of BMW's brand reputation and customers' loyalty is a tricky formula for its competitors who struggle to emulate it, as it stems from years of the company manifesting as a good-quality, inventive, and customer-satisfying institution. Protecting the patents and intellectual property rights allows BMW to maintain a distinction from competitors as competitors cannot directly copy or imitate the technological innovations and designs that once belong to BMW.

Organization

The organizational structure and decision making procedures of BMW are geared towards pursuing innovation and flexibility, in order to let the company to be nimble and to react quickly to any variations in the environment and customer desires (Strategic Management Insight,

2023). The company's corporate culture, which emphasizes excellence, sustainability, and customer satisfaction, plays a crucial role in aligning its workforce towards common goals and sustaining its competitive advantages. BMW's effective management of resources and capabilities through strategic planning and execution ensures that its strengths and assets are leveraged to maximize value creation.

Value Chain Analysis

Primary Activities

BMW's primary activities, which are directly involved in creating, delivering, and supporting its products, are key drivers of its competitive advantage. The company's inbound logistics and efficient supply chain management, coupled with strong supplier relationships, ensure a steady flow of materials and components to support its manufacturing operations (Strategic Management Insight, 2023). BMW's state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities and lean production processes enable the efficient and high-quality production of vehicles.

Support Activities

BMW's support activities, which facilitate and enhance the primary activities, are also crucial to its success. Strategic sourcing and supplier management enable cost optimization and ensure a reliable supply of high-quality components. Continuous investment in research and development (R&D) is essential for BMW to stay at the forefront of technological advancements and maintain its innovative edge.

SWOT Analysis

Strengths	Weaknesses
- Strong brand reputation and customer loyalty	- High production costs and pricing (Deloitte, 2022)
(Keller, 2013)	
- Innovative engineering and technology capabilities	- Dependence on traditional combustion engines

(BMW Group, 2023)	(McKinsey & Company, 2023)
- Global presence and extensive dealership network	- Limited presence in emerging markets (World
(Kotler & Armstrong, 2018)	Bank, 2022)
- Robust financial performance and profitability	- Complexity in managing a diverse product portfolio
(BMW Group, 2023)	(Barney & Hesterly, 2015)
Opportunities	Threats
- Growing demand for electric and hybrid vehicles	- Intense competition from rivals and new entrants
(Deloitte, 2022)	(Automotive News, 2023)
- Expansion into emerging markets with rising	- Stricter environmental regulations and emission
affluence (World Bank, 2022)	standards (European Commission, 2022)
- Strategic partnerships and acquisitions for technology	- Disruption from alternative mobility solutions
sharing (McKinsey & Company, 2023)	(Deloitte, 2023)
- Development of autonomous driving and	- Cybersecurity risks and data privacy concerns
connectivity features (Gartner, 2022)	(PwC, 2022)

Recommendations for Future Development

TOWS Matrix

The TOWS matrix provides a framework for generating strategic options by combining the internal and external factors identified in the SWOT analysis. By matching strengths with opportunities, weaknesses with opportunities, strengths with threats, and weaknesses with threats, BMW can develop strategies tailored to its specific situation.

Strengths-Opportunities (S-O) Strategies

 Leverage BMW's brand reputation and engineering capabilities to capitalize on the growing demand for electric and hybrid vehicles, positioning the company as

- a leader in sustainable mobility solutions (Keller, 2013; BMW Group, 2023; Deloitte, 2022).
- Utilize global presence and dealership network to expand into emerging markets with rising affluence and increasing demand for luxury vehicles.
- Collaborate with technology companies through strategic partnerships or acquisitions to accelerate the development of autonomous driving and connectivity features (McKinsey & Company, 2023; BMW Group, 2023).

Weaknesses-Opportunities (W-O) Strategies

- Invest in research and development to reduce dependence on traditional combustion engines and transition towards electric and hybrid powertrains (McKinsey & Company, 2023; Deloitte, 2022).
- Streamline product portfolio and focus on high-growth segments to address complexity and cost challenges (Barney & Hesterly, 2015).
- Explore joint ventures or partnerships with local manufacturers to gain a stronger foothold in emerging markets (BCG, 2022).

Strengths-Threats (S-T) Strategies

- Leverage BMW's financial strength and innovative capabilities to adapt to stricter environmental regulations and develop more eco-friendly vehicles (BMW Group, 2023).
- Enhance cybersecurity measures and data protection protocols to mitigate risks associated with connected vehicles and digital services Differentiate BMW's offerings through superior design, performance, and customer experiences to maintain a competitive edge against rivals (Keller, 2013; Automotive News, 2023).

Weaknesses-Threats (W-T) Strategies

- Implement cost optimization strategies, such as lean manufacturing and supply chain efficiencies, to address high production costs and pricing pressures
- Diversify into alternative mobility solutions, such as car-sharing or ride-hailing services, to complement traditional vehicle sales (BMW Group, 2023).

Ansoff Matrix

With Ansoff Matrix, you can see the so-called matrix of growth strategies: on the vertical axis - you have your new the existing products, and on the horizontal one - you have your markets. For BMW, the following strategies could be considered:

Market Penetration

Power up marketing efforts with campaigns and promotions to help in increasing the current share of the market where traditional luxury vehicles are sold (Kotler & Armstrong, 2018).

Market Development

- Attempt venturing into or expansion into emerging markets which rise in affluence like China, India and South East Asia by simple tailoring of products and marketing strategies that local people would like. (Kotler & Armstrong, 2018).
- Expand existing delivery channels and find new partners for accessing to the markets formerly unobtainable (BCG, 2022).

Product Development

- Lend support to innovative businesses in the field of research and development in the sphere of EVs and plug-in hybrid models, relying on BMW's engineering expertise.
- Design cutting-edge functions and toolkits, for instance driver assistance systems, autonomous driving, and interconnection technologies (Gartner, 2022).

Diversification

- Set direction into a different kind of products and services which are complementary (e.g. mobility supplies such as car sharing, ride hailing or autonomous vehicles), advanced software for automobiles or digital services.
- Consider tangible options such as insinuating yourself in neighbouring sectors or collaborating with providers of other auxiliary services, e.g. energy storage or charging infrastructure.

Conclusion

Lastly in this strategic reviewing of BMW had a very comprehensive analysis of the external and internal environment of this company, the strategy frame works were also utilized Application of PESTLE analysis and Porter's Five Forces model indicates the main factors that constitute the automotive industry as well as conducts VRIO framework, Value Chain analysis, and SWOT analysis to analyse the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and risks of BMW in the market. Ultimately, some strategy-oriented suggestions were offered against the results, aiming at improving the competitive strength and the further advance of the company. These include searching for developing markets, ramping up eco-friendly mobility solutions, developing allianceized partnerships for technology sharing, and developing resources for eco-friendly products and services. Additionally, the TOWS matrix and Ansoff matrix were effective tools for clarifying the various strategic options for building the strength, eliminating the weakness, taking advantage of the opportunity, and countering or mitigating the threats. They include product development, penetration of markets, markets development, and diversification.

References

- Barney, J. B., & Hesterly, W. S. (2015). Strategic management and competitive advantage:

 Concepts and cases (5th ed.). Pearson.
- Bateman, T. S., & Crant, J. M. (2022). Management: Leading & collaborating in a competitive world (14th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.

BCG. (2022). https://www.bcg.com/

BMW Group. (2023). https://www.bmwgroup.com/

Deloitte. (2022). https://www2.deloitte.com/

Dess, G. G., McNamara, G., Eisner, A. B., & Lee, S. H. (2018). Strategic management: Text and cases (9th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.

European Commission. (2022). https://ec.europa.eu/

Gartner. (2022). https://www.gartner.com/

- Hill, C. W., & Jones, G. R. (2012). Strategic management: An integrated approach (10th ed.). Cengage Learning.
- Keller, K. L. (2013). Strategic brand management: Building, measuring, and managing brand equity (4th ed.). Pearson.
- Kotler, P., & Armstrong, G. (2018). Principles of marketing (17th ed.). Pearson.

McKinsey & Company. (2023). https://www.mckinsey.com/

- PESTLE Analysis. (2023). PESTLE Analysis of BMW. https://pestleanalysis.com/pestle-analysis-of-bmw/
- Research Methodology. (2023). BMW Porter's Five Forces Analysis. https://research-methodology.net/bmw-porters-five-forces-analysis/
- Strategic Management Insight. (2023). BMW SWOT Analysis. https://strategicmanagementinsight.com/swot-analyses/bmw-swot-analysis/